Providing contraception can:

- Help young women stay in school.
- Support young women's economic development.
- Promote healthier planned pregnancies and births.

Family Planning (FP) Budget Allocations Have Stagnated and Remain Small Share of Health Budget

- Every 100 KES spent on FP saves 225 KES on maternal and child health costs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>FP Budget Allocations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015/16</td>
<td>60.9 million KES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016/17</td>
<td>57.6 million KES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017/18</td>
<td>60.4 million KES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FP Programming in Nandi Requires More Funds

- Create a FP budget line to fully fund the CIP.
- Integrate FP with health services at the facility-level.
- Dedicate specific funds for adolescent FP programming.

Is Nandi Fulfilling Its FP2020 Commitment?

- Does Not Have FP Budget Line
- Costed Implementation Plan

Rate of Teenage Pregnancy in Nandi

- Median age at first:
  - SEX 17
  - BIRTH 21
  - MARRIAGE 21
  - CONTRACEPTIVE USE 22

NANDI

Funding Needed to Fully Implement Family Planning Services in:

- 4.0% OF HEALTH BUDGET

- 0-10% 10-20% 20-30% Above 30%

- Every 100 KES spent on FP saves 225 KES on maternal and child health costs.
References


FIGURES

FAMILY PLANNING BUDGET ALLOCATIONS HAVE INCREASED BUT REMAIN SMALL SHARE OF HEALTH BUDGET
DSW, 2017.

PERCENT OF YOUNG WOMEN WHO HAVE BEGUN CHILDBEARING
Kenya DHS 2014.

MEDIAN AGE AT FIRST SEX, BIRTH, MARRIAGE, AND CONTRACEPTIVE USE